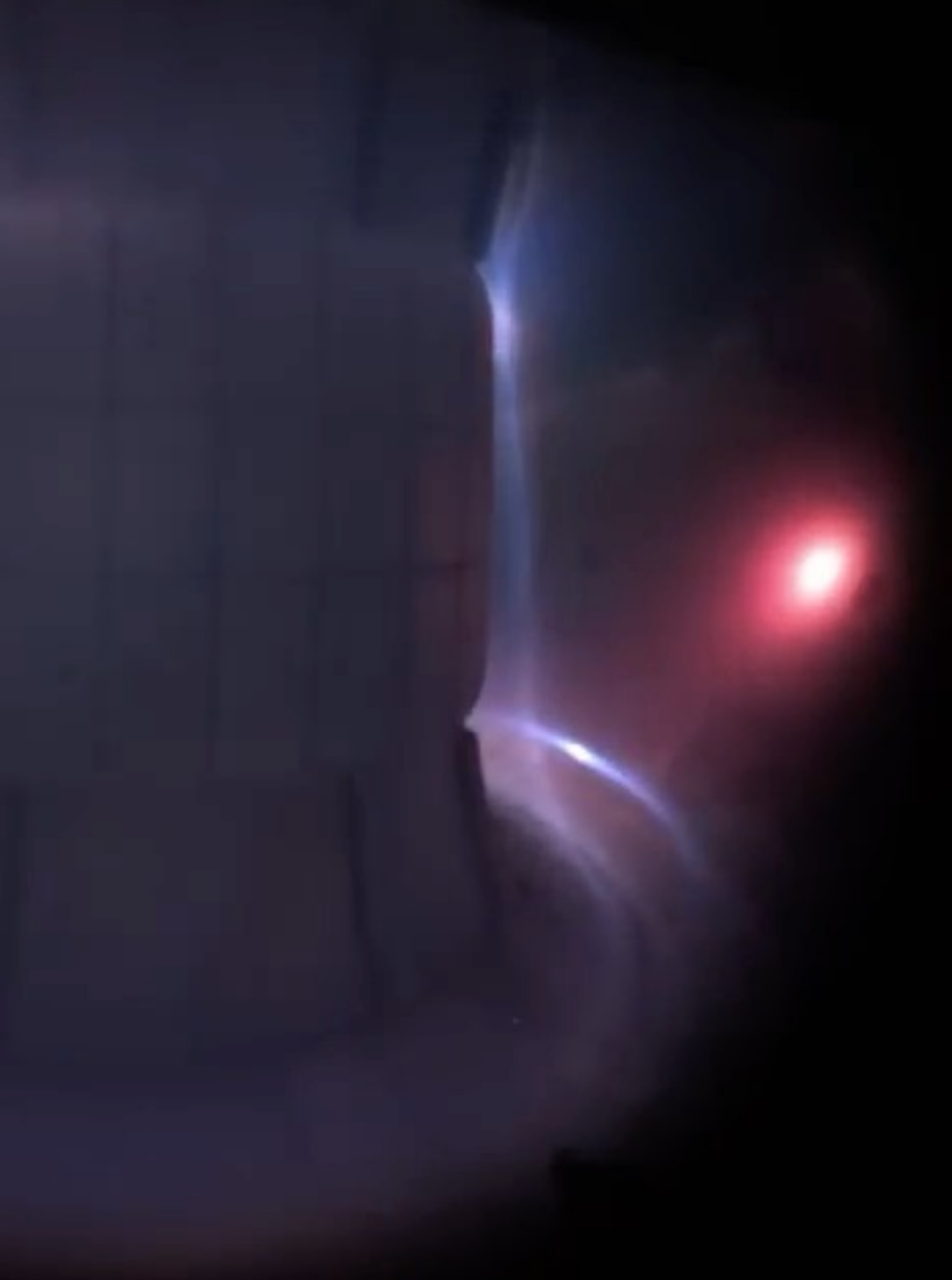




The Science of Fusion Energy

Alexander Rothkopf (University of Stavanger)

@rothkopfAK, www.alexrothkopf.de

Video from the COMPASS Tokamak experiment at the Institute of Plasma
Physics of the Czech Academy of Science (<https://bit.ly/3C3rwVQ>)

The Science of Fusion Energy

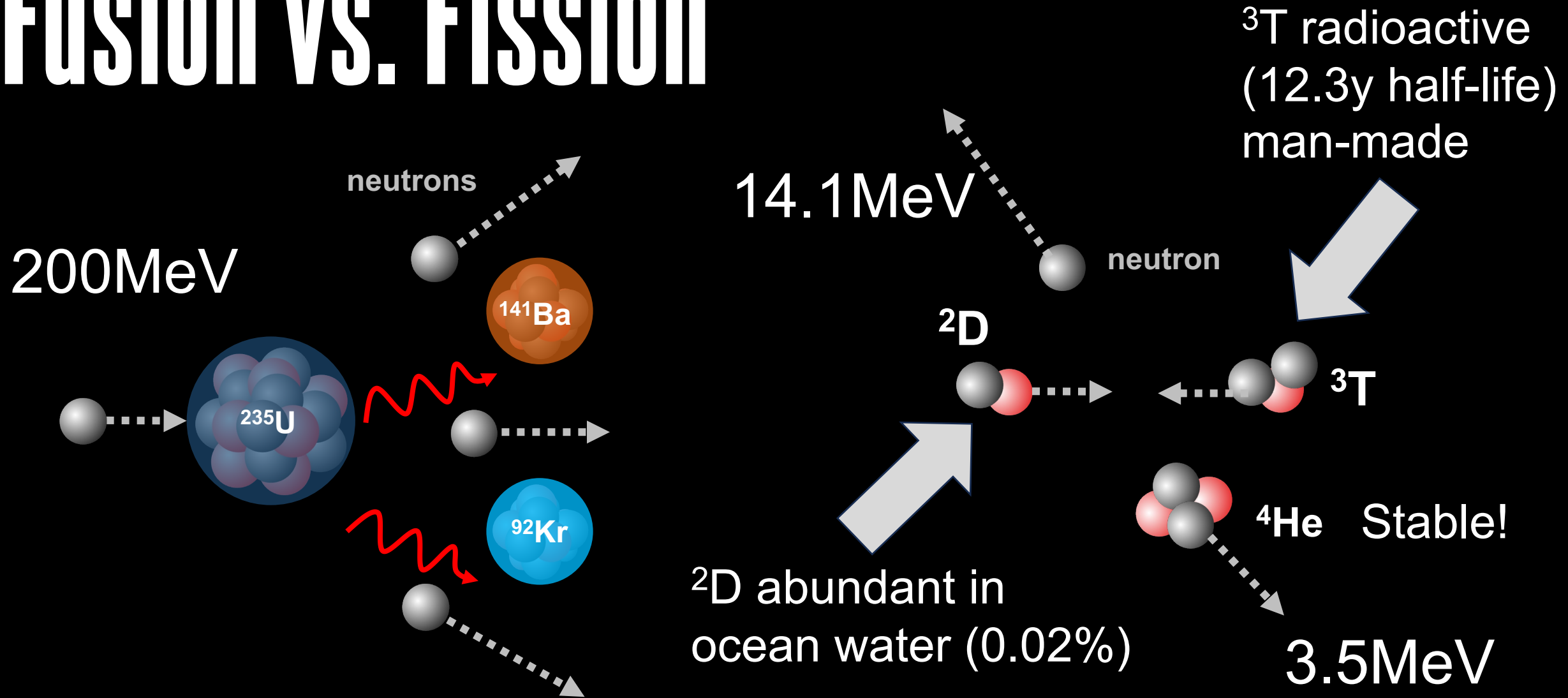
The what - Physics concepts

The how - Challenges & Strategies



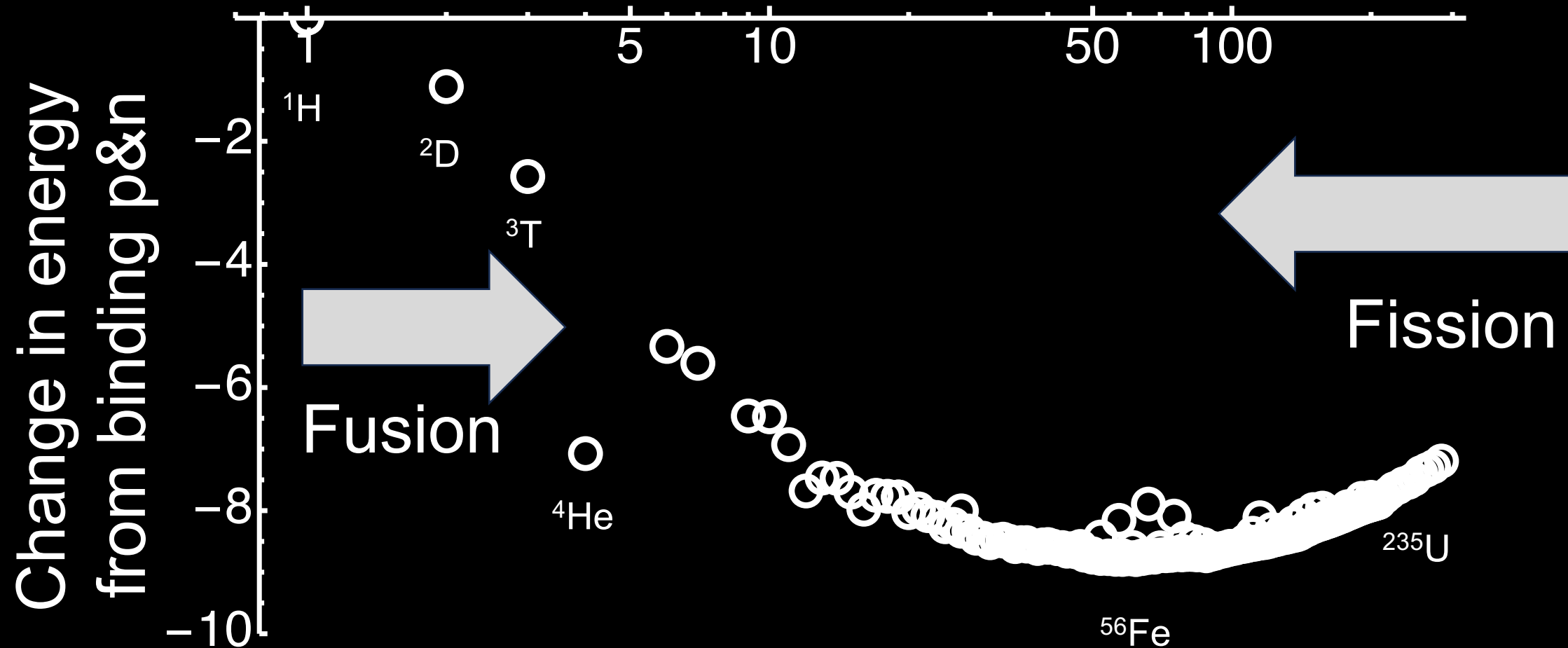
The what - Physics concepts

Fusion vs. Fission



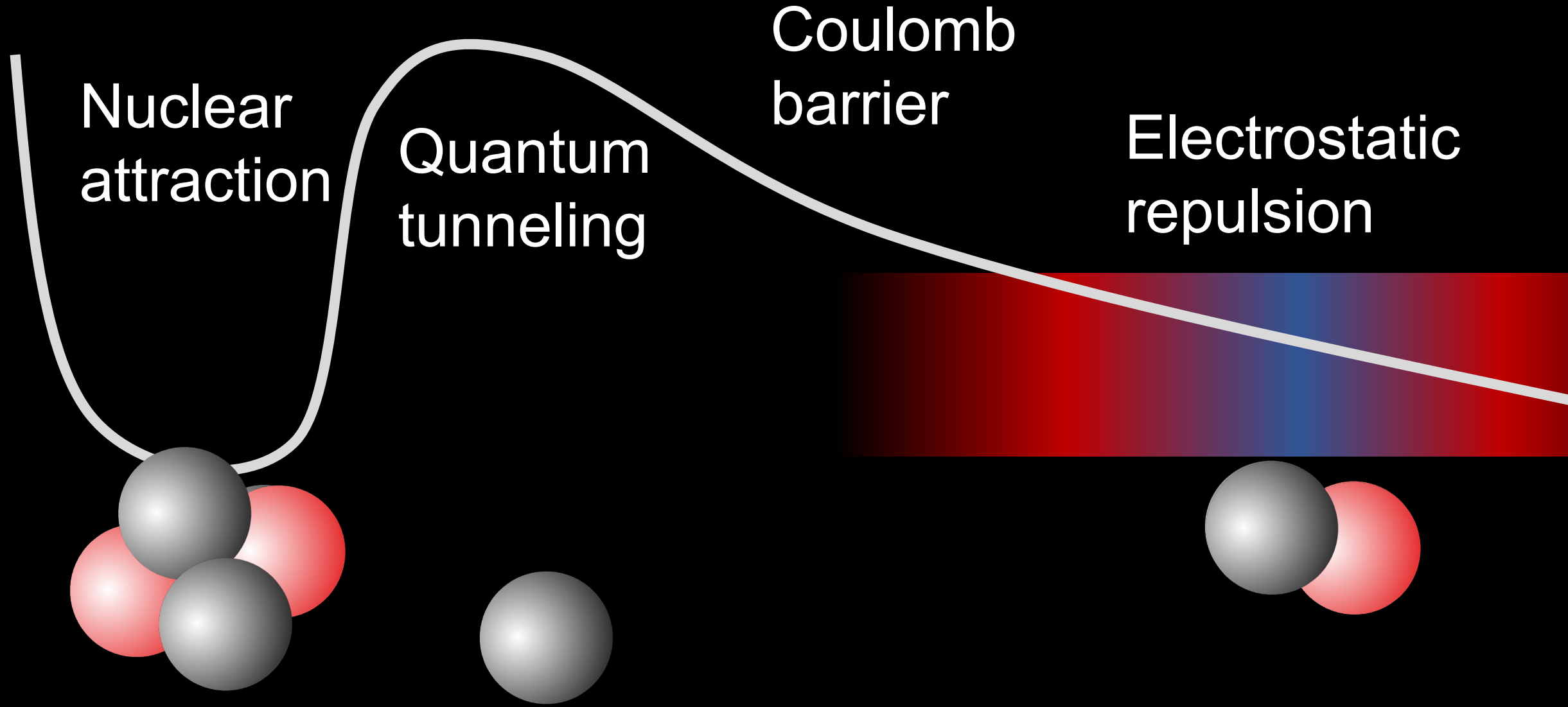
Fusion: 4x more energy per kilogram fuel than fission

Where does the Energy come from?

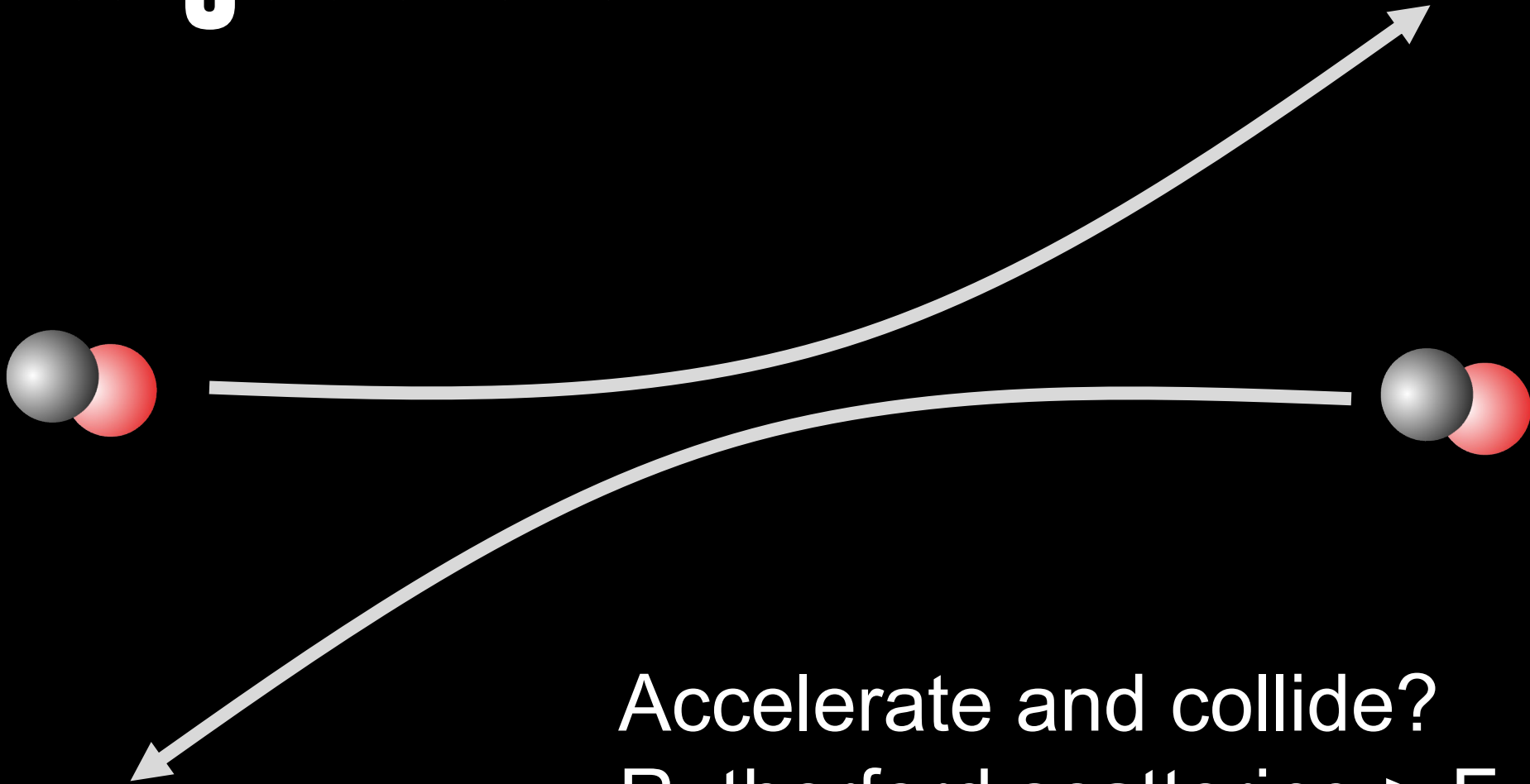


Fusion holistics: the sum is lighter than its parts

The fusion process



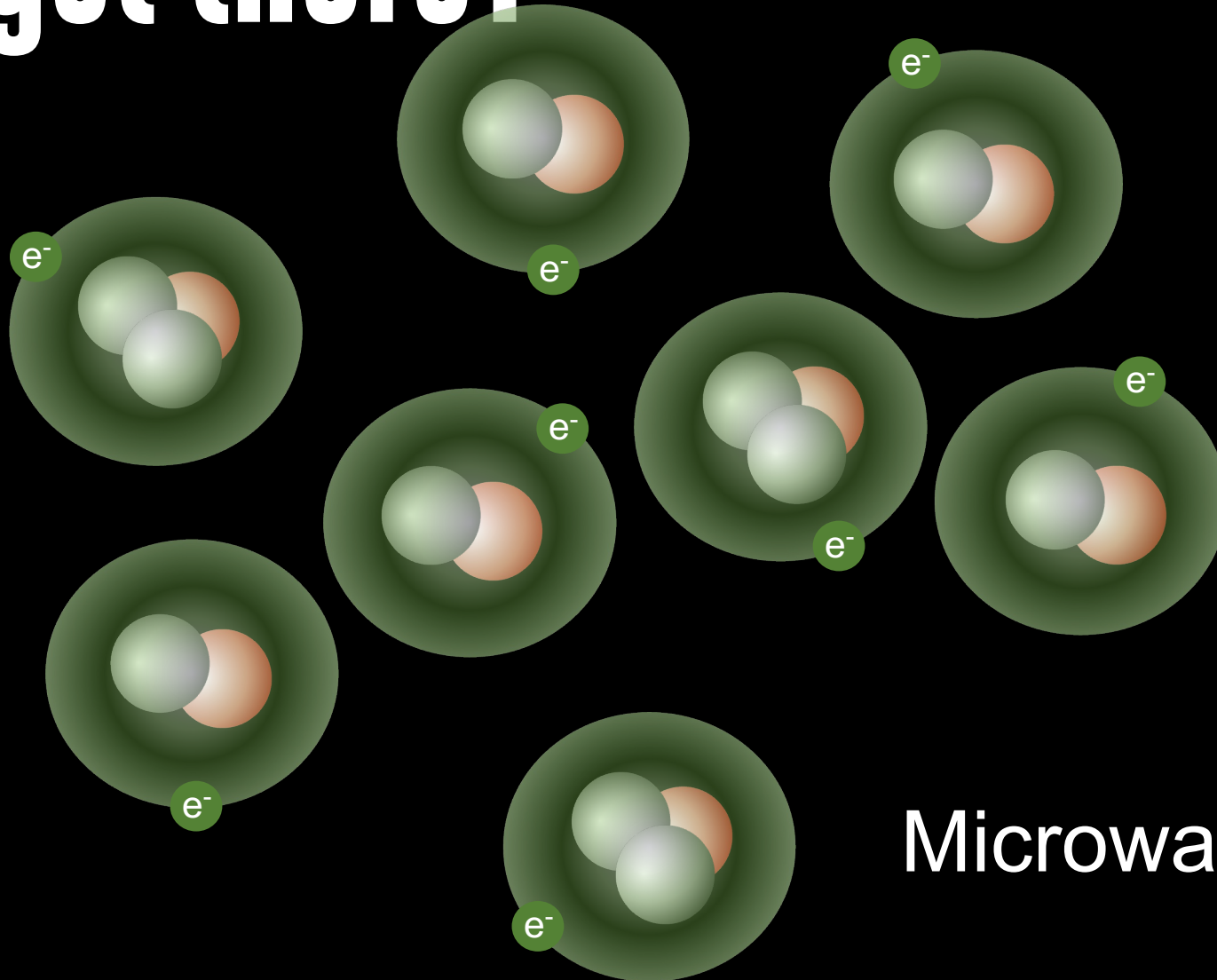
How to get there?



Accelerate and collide?
Rutherford scattering > Fusion

How to get there?

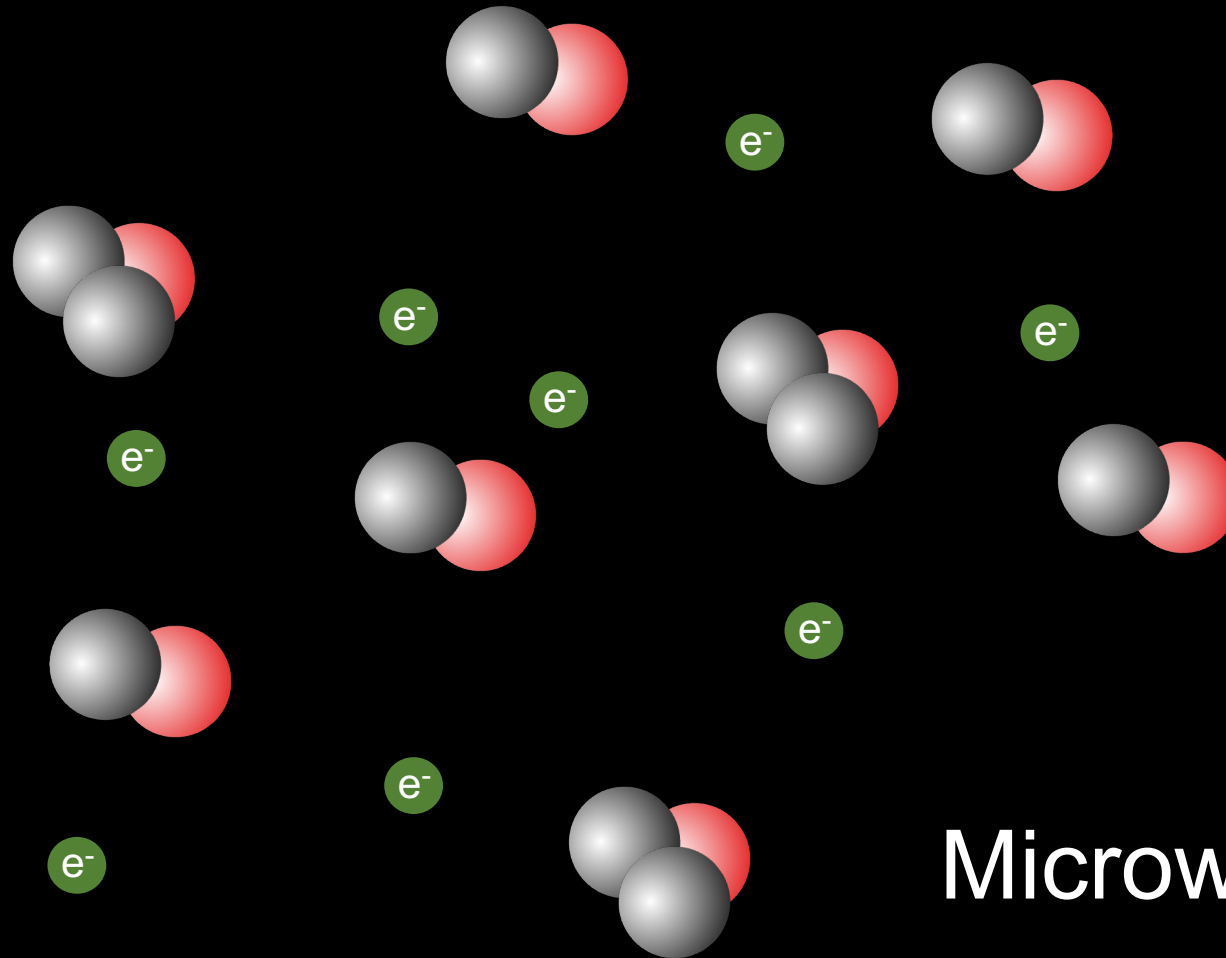
Deuterium – Tritium gas



Microwave heating

How to get there?

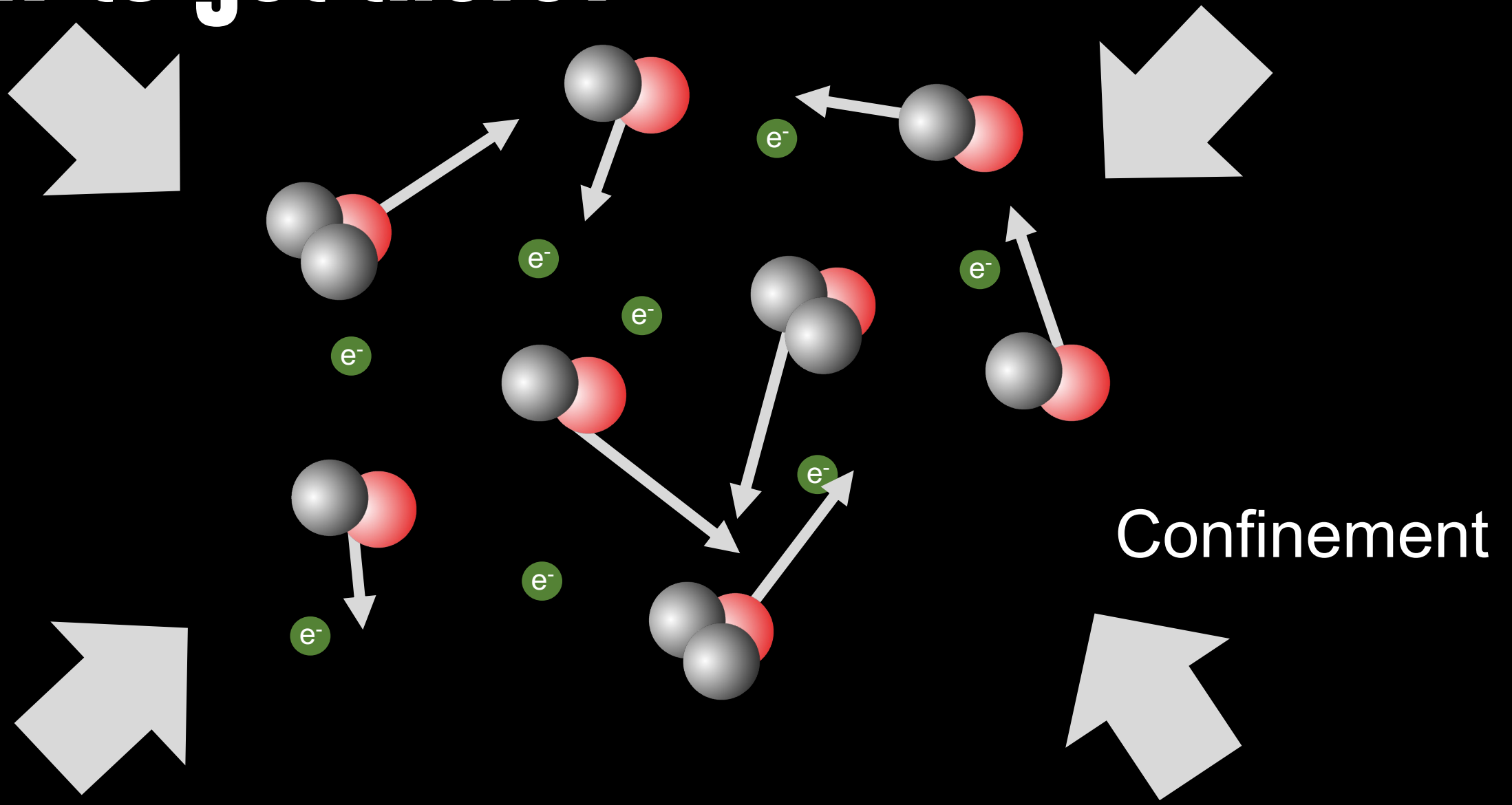
Deuterium – Tritium plasma



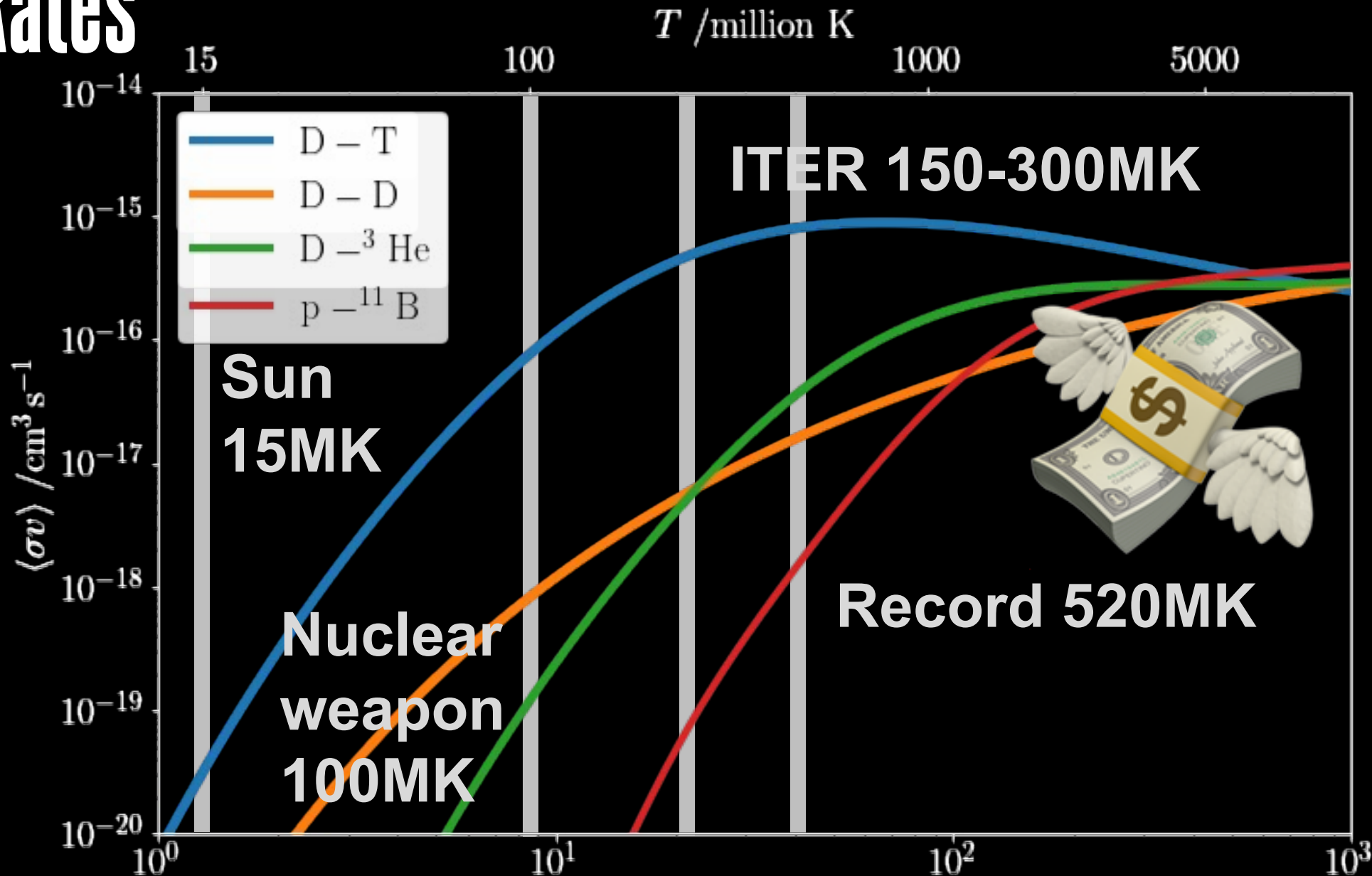
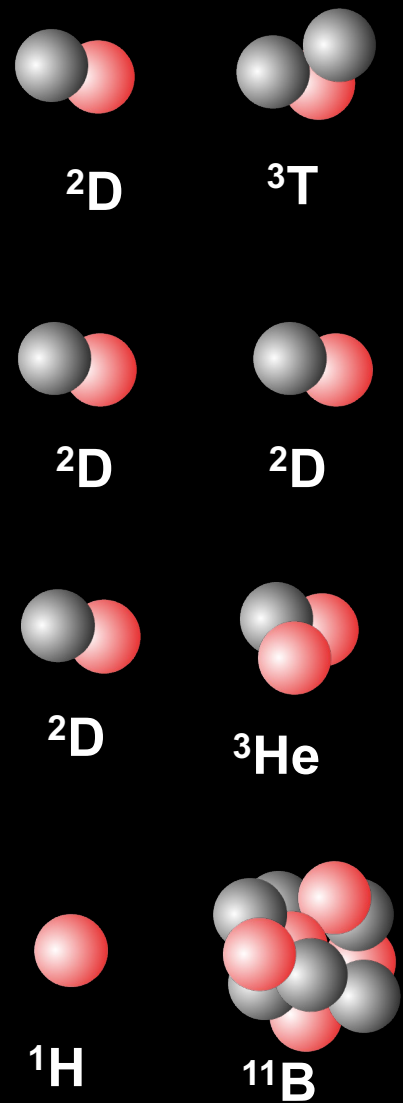
Microwave heating

How to get there?

Deuterium – Tritium plasma

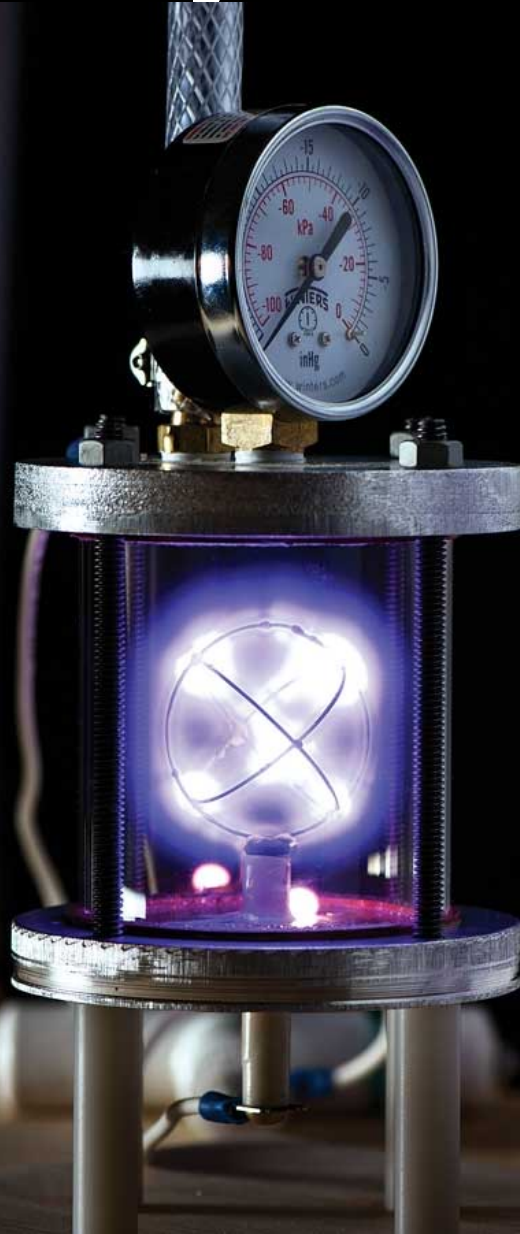


Reaction Rates



The how - Challenges & Strategies

Fusion in your basement (electrostatic confinement)



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WARNING: You can achieve honest-to-goodness "hot fusion" right at home by making a Farnsworth-Hirsch fusion

DON'T TRY THIS AT HOME
50 DANGEROUS STUNTS & SCHEMES TO AVOID
By Ed Wenck and Lou Harry

Nuclear Fusor

This mini fusor is a demonstration version — while it generates only insignificant quantities of fusion products, it does show how

MATERIALS

- 4 Nylon spacers — [McMaster-Carr #94638A29](#) or [94639A089](#)
- 4 Threaded rods — [McMaster-Carr #91565A566](#)
- 2 Barbed hose fittings
- Oil cup cylinder — [McMaster-Carr #1176K27](#), [mcmaster.com](#)
- Spade terminals
- PVC pipe fittings
- Variable transformer — aka "Variac"
- PVC tubing — Braided reinforcement keeps it from collapsing under high vacuum.
- 2 Hose clamps
- AC power cord
- Mineral oil
- 2 Diodes — [Search hvstuff.com](#) and buy extra in case you accidentally fry your rectifier.
- Male plug with ground prong
- Insulated wire
- Standoff — [McMaster-Carr #93330A493](#)

Generating Fusion is EASY
but generating electricity is HARD

The original



$$T_{\text{core}} = 15 \text{ MK}$$

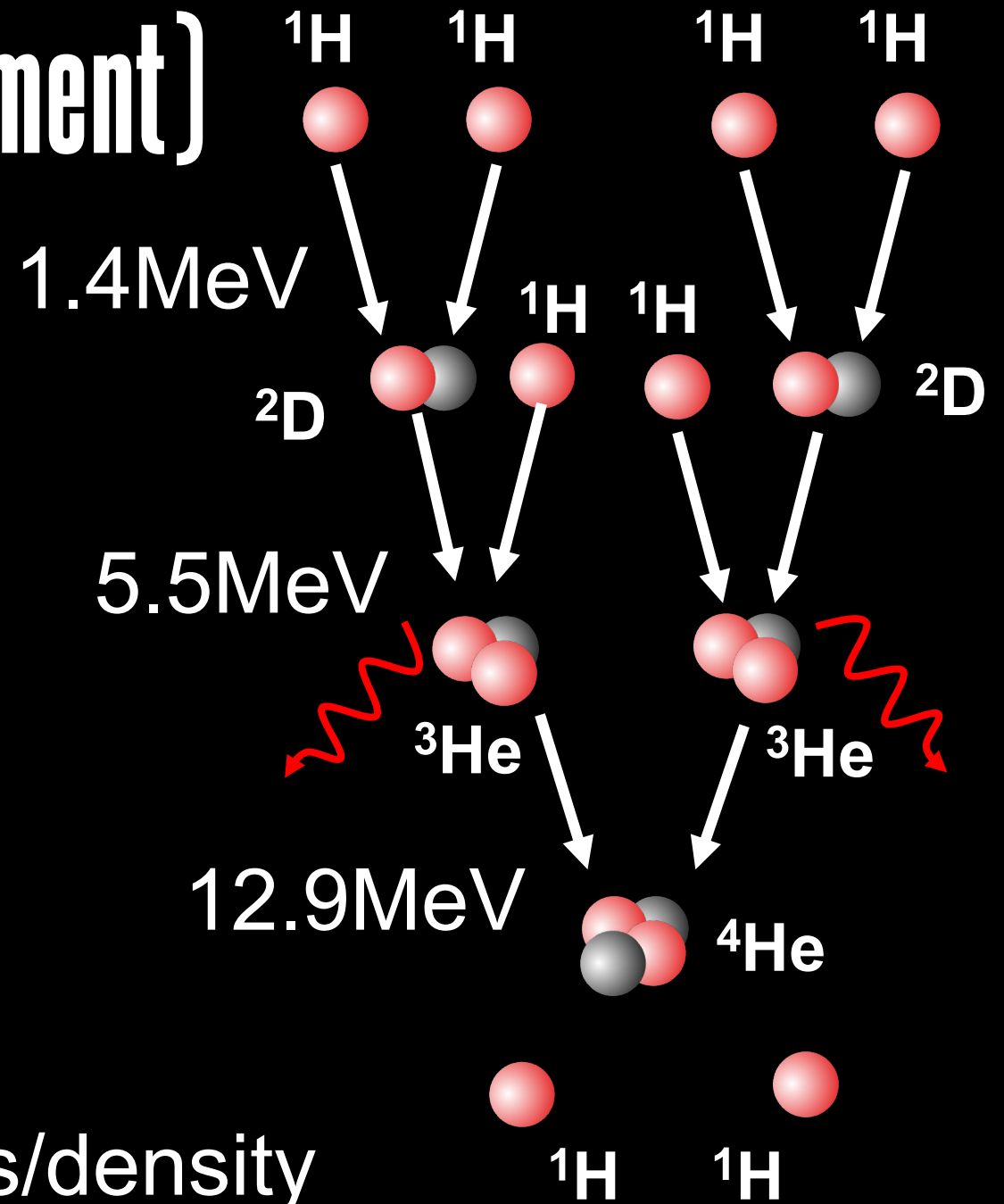
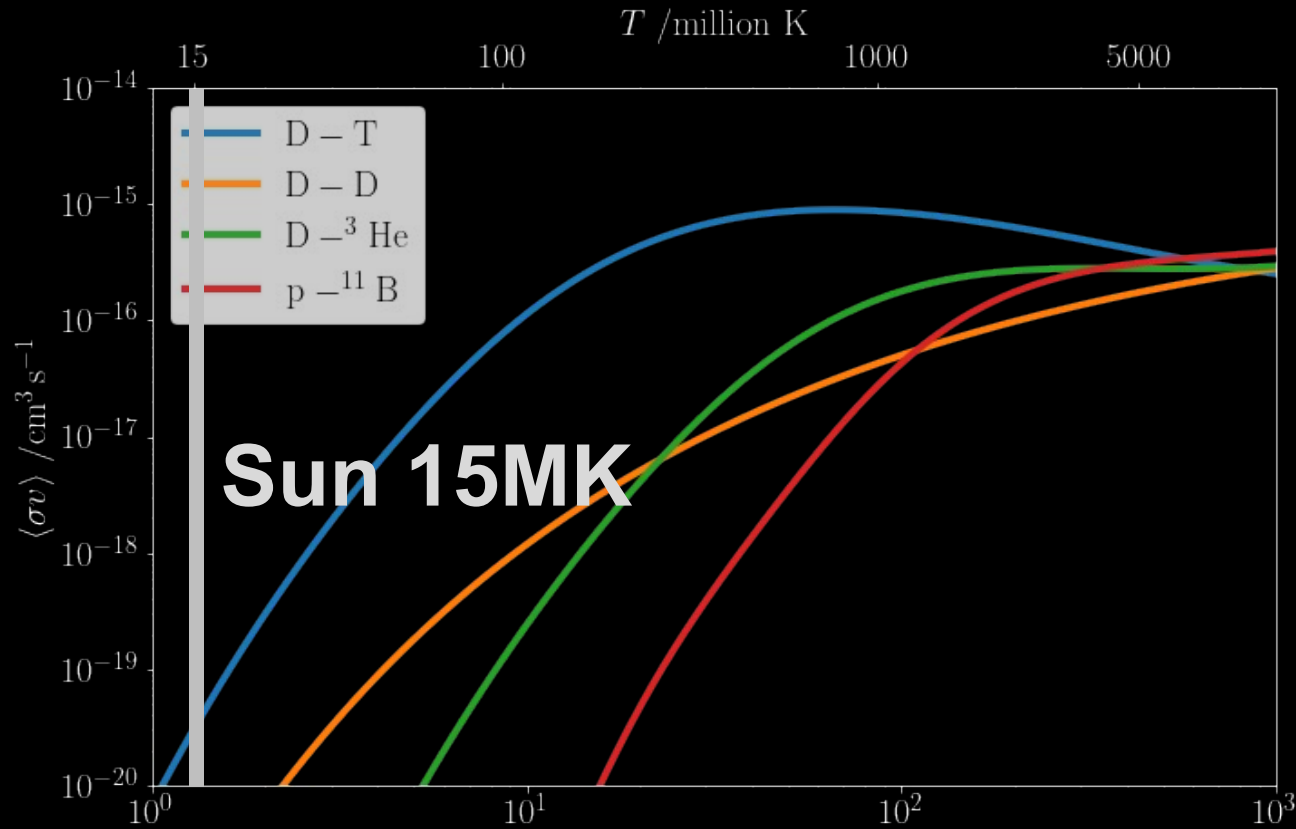
$$\rho = 1.62 \times 10^5 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$T_{\text{surface}} = 5770 \text{ K}$$

Energy emitted
as radiation

Aug 12, 2022

The sun (gravitational confinement)



Slow reactions, compensated
for by enormous volume/mass/density

Lawson criterion (Triple product)

Density x Temperature x Confinement time

Gain “Q”



Energy produced / Energy required

The holy grail: ignition (self-sustained fusion)

Fusion concepts: Tokamak (magnetic confinement)

Plasma challenge:
instabilities

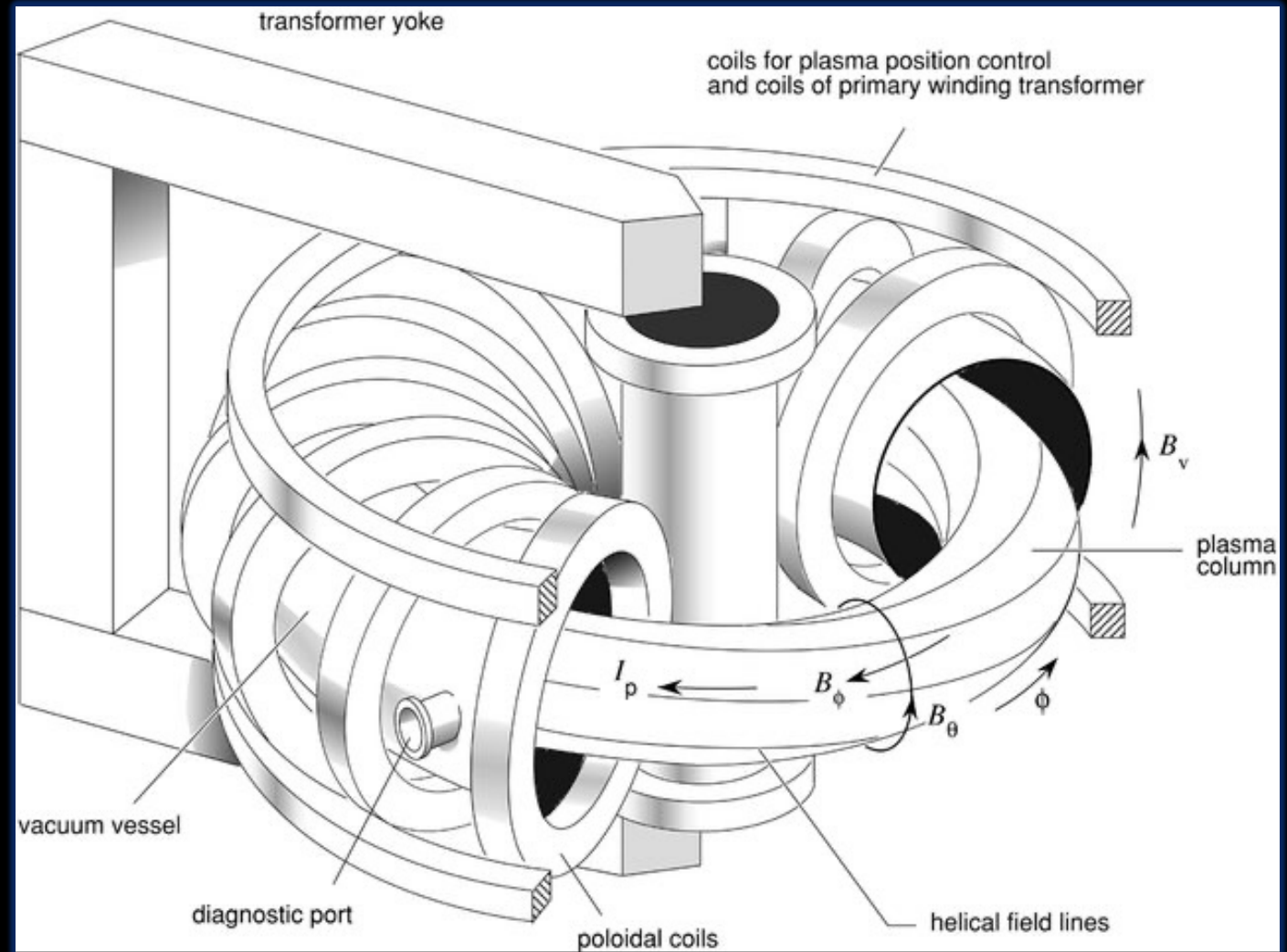
^2D - ^3T challenge:
Neutrons!

Recent records:

 $T_{\text{ion}} \sim 520 \text{ MK}$

 $t_c \sim 7\text{-}100 \text{ s}$

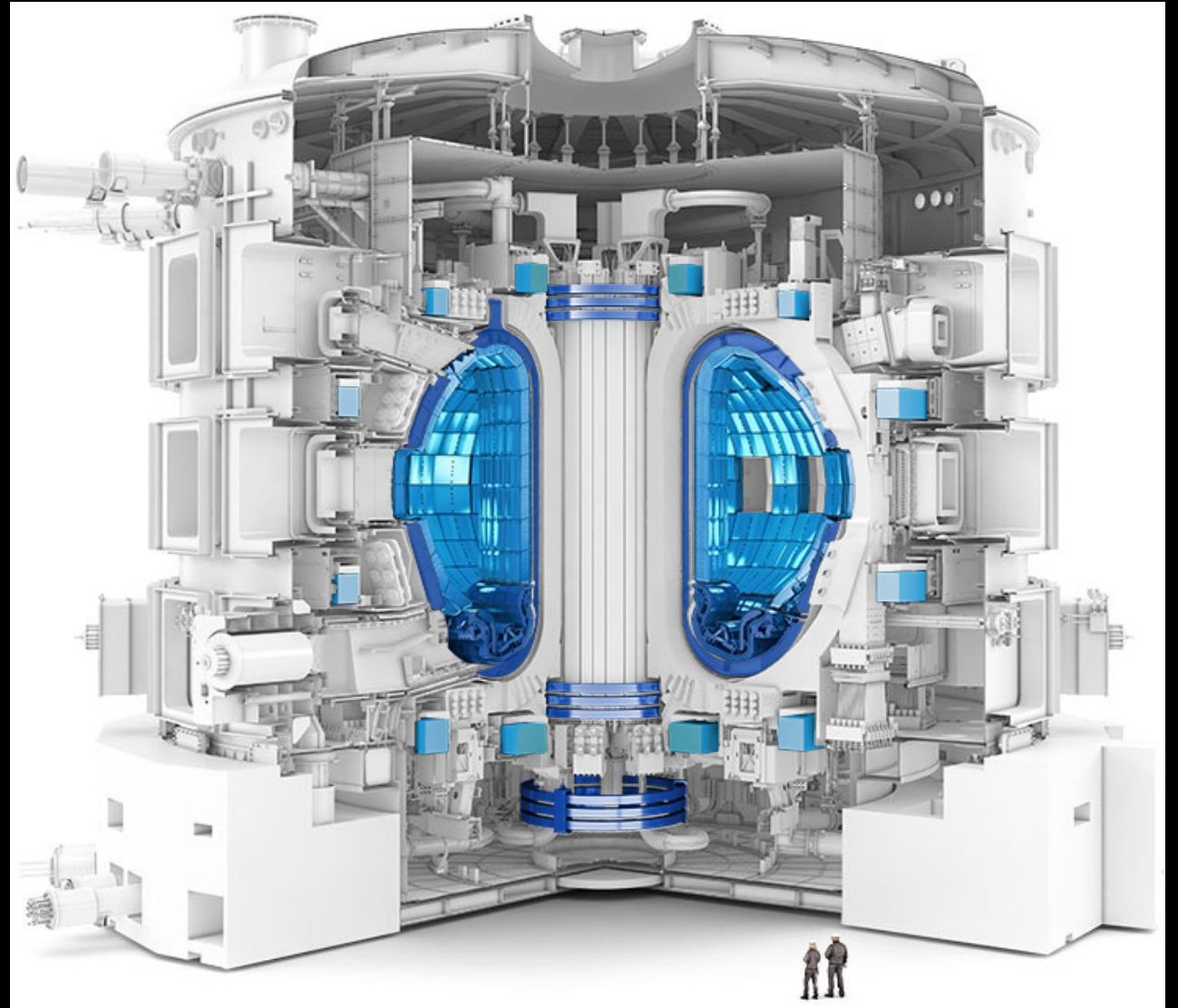
 $E_f \sim 59 \text{ MJ}$



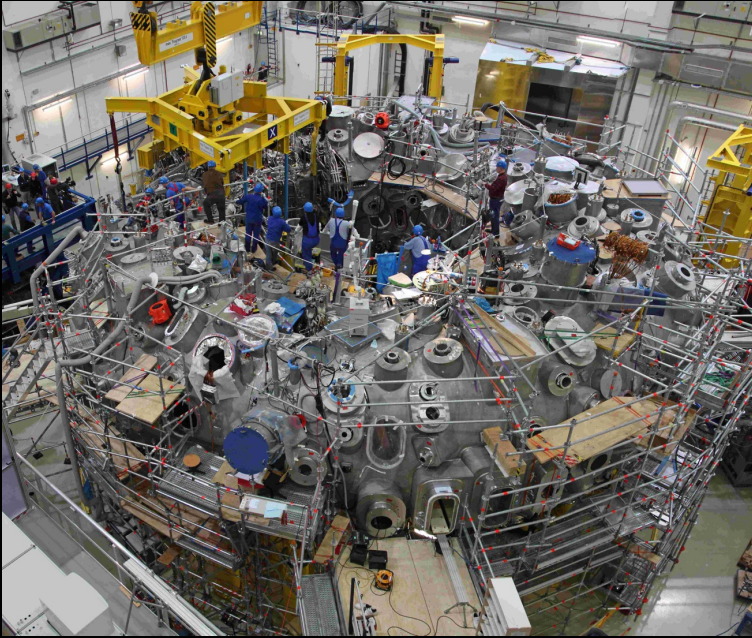
ITER: The largest Tokamak in preparation



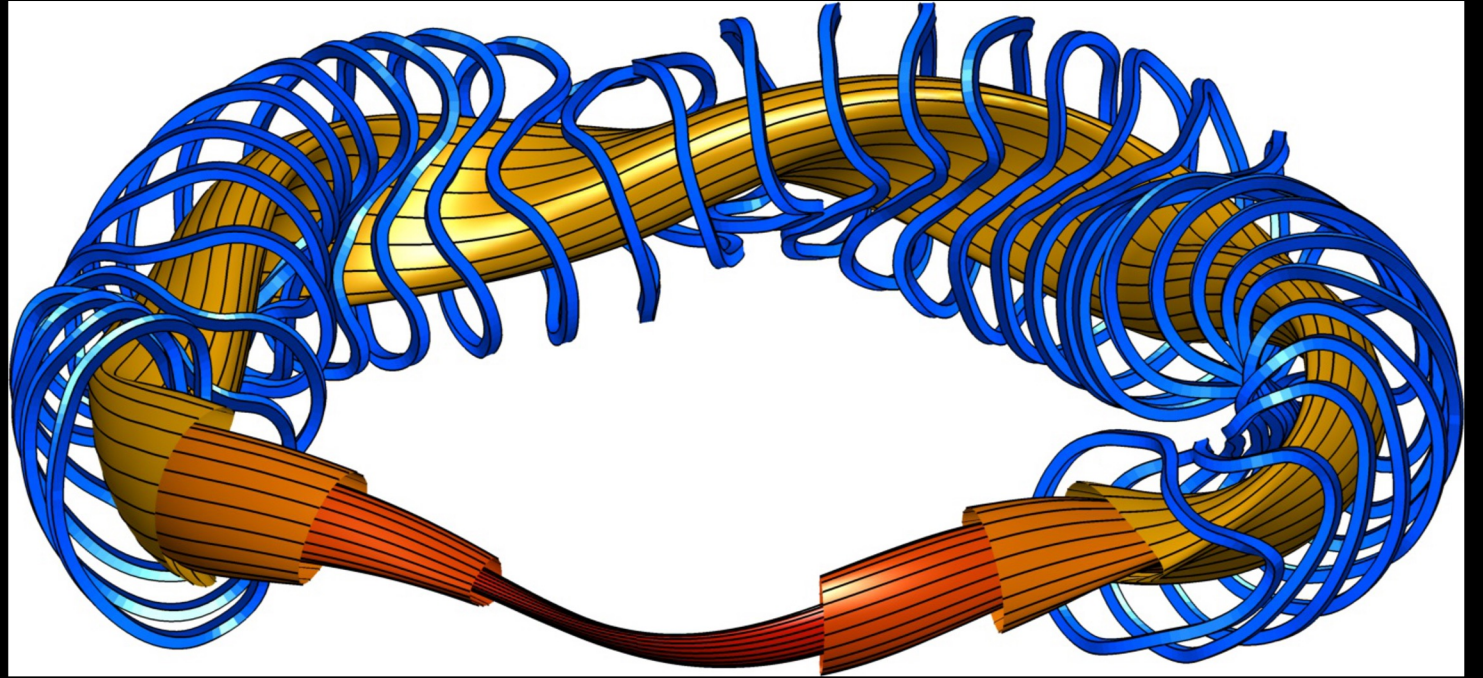
- 1) Boiling the kettle
- 2) Replenishing ^3T
(Beryllium blanket)



Fusion concepts: Stellerator (magnetic confinement)



 **Wendelstein 7-X**



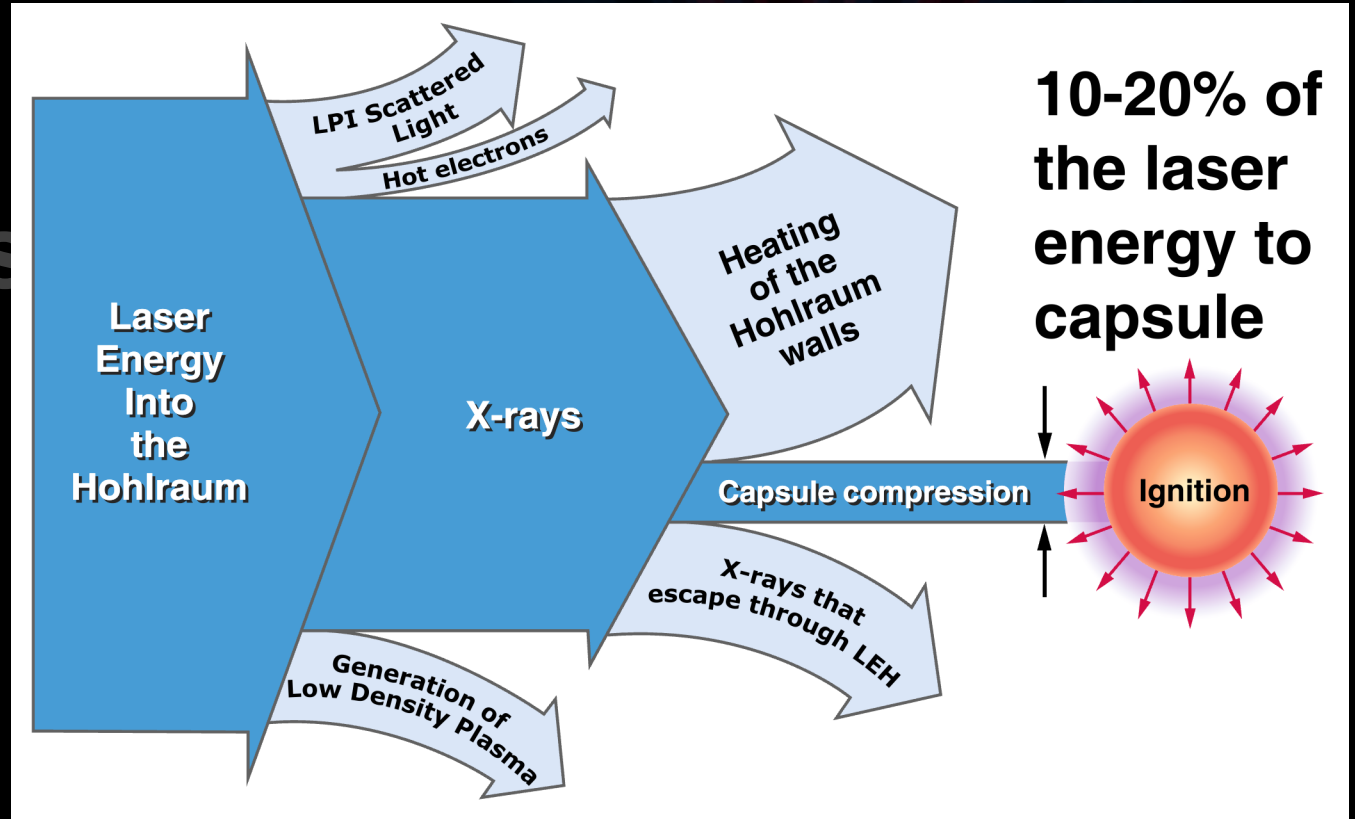
Fusion concepts: Laser fusion (inertial confinement)

Original intention:
Nuclear weapons res

Recent record:

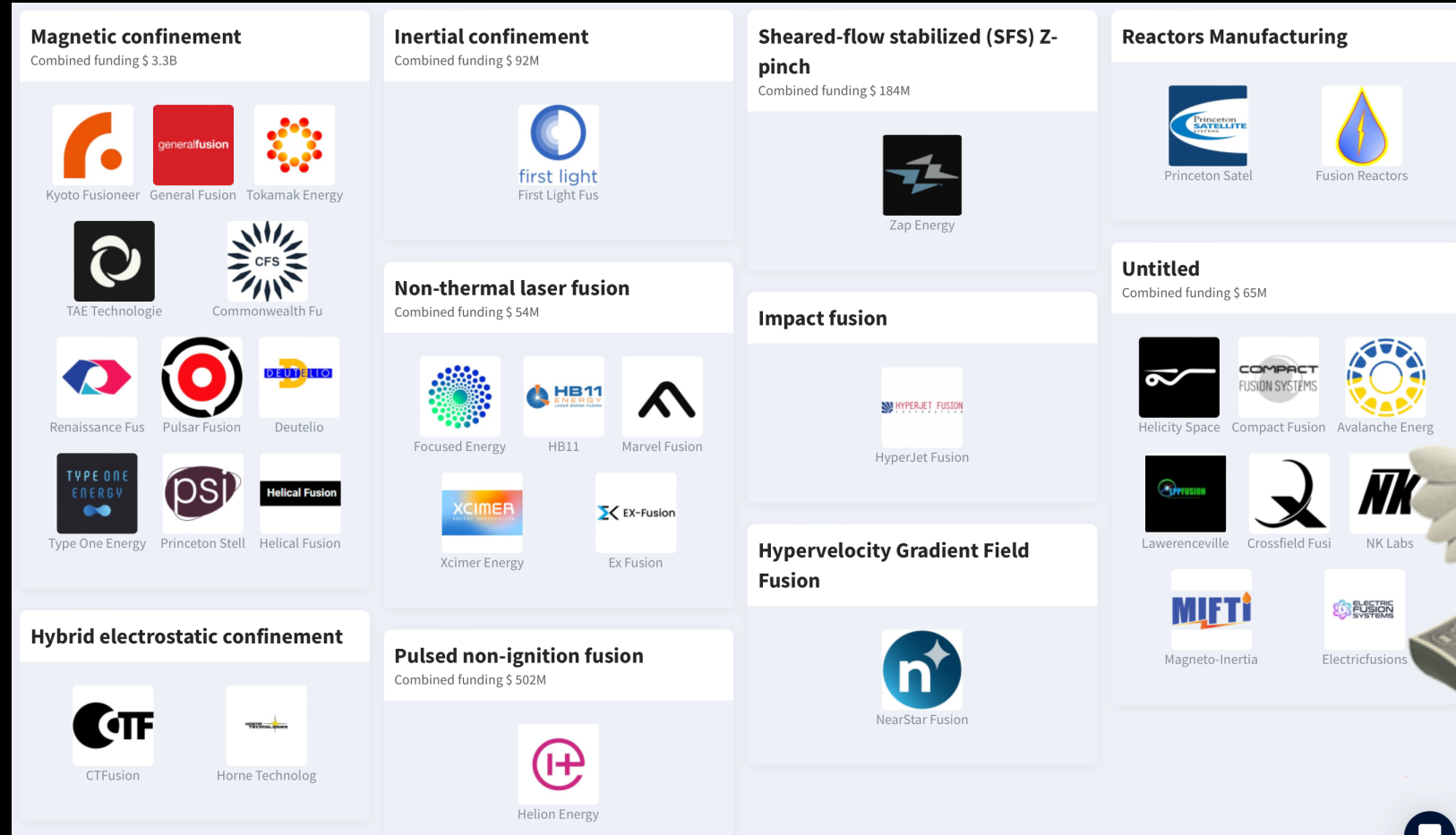
 Gain $Q \sim 1.5$
and ignition!

But...



 National Ignition Facility (NIF)

Many independent startups:



Must address: Reaction rates + Gain & extraction method

Conclusion: Fusion energy

Nuclear Physics 

Plasma physics 

Engineering 

Economics 